Program Overview
Centro de Salud Familiar La Fe, Inc. (La Fe) is a not-for-profit 501(c)3 community-based organization that has over a 40-year history of advocacy and service delivery to disadvantaged and underserved communities of El Paso, Texas. As a federally qualified community health center, La Fe takes a holistic approach when caring for their patients’ health and well-being, striving to improve the overall quality of life of the people they serve. In addition to health care services, La Fe provides the community with a charter school and a cultural and technology center with classes such as cooking, music, and computer literacy.

Program Partners
La Fe was committed to maintaining a holistic approach while implementing Project IMPACT: Diabetes. They organized an integrated care team who would provide a comprehensive diabetes program to their patients. The departments involved in the Project IMPACT: Diabetes program at La Fe included pharmacy, medical, dental, social services, health education, laboratory, and the cultural center. Using a collaborative team approach, the team was able to customize the care provided to meet the needs of each individual patient to ensure each patient would receive all the services they could benefit from that were offered at La Fe.

La Fe also partners with the University of Texas at El Paso/University of Texas at Austin Cooperative Pharmacy Program. This partnership facilitates the development and expansion of clinical pharmacy services at La Fe while teaching pharmacy students and residents about the value of collaborative care.

Community Champions: Albert Lucero, Jeri Sias & Jennifer Castrellon

Patient Profile
La Fe provides care to a primarily underinsured Spanish-speaking population near the US-Mexico border. Patients often experience limited levels of literacy and may face barriers that create issues with access to care or adherence to medications and diabetes recommendations. Some patients may not seek health care until they feel sick, and as such are often diagnosed with diabetes after the disease has progressed to such a state that it causes complications. However, there are many patients who maintain healthy lifestyles and participate actively to improve their health through education, appointments, and adherence to medication.

Pharmacists’ Role on the Collaborative Care Team
Pharmacists play an important role on the collaborative diabetes care team at La Fe. Patients who would benefit from individual diabetes management are referred to the pharmacist by physicians and other providers at the clinic. During appointments, pharmacists use their medication expertise to review medication therapy and diabetes standards of care (e.g., foot exams, immunizations) with each patient. As part of the healthcare team, pharmacists tailor education to each patient’s needs and assess potential barriers that may limit the patient’s adherence to medication or treatment recommendations. Based on the pharmacist’s interactions with the patient, appropriate referrals/recommendations may be made to specialty services (e.g., social work, health education, dental, optometry). Pharmacists work together with the health education team to provide group classes covering topics such as exercise, healthy nutrition, stress management, depression, medication management, glucometer training, and self-management. The pharmacist also attends the grocery store tours at local markets where the patient purchases food for a
family of four with a budget of only $5.00. This holistic, collaborative approach to diabetes care has been well received by the patients and shown significant improvements in key clinical outcomes.

**Relevant Statistics – Community Level**
According to the Texas Diabetes Prevention and Control Program:¹
- It is estimated that 9.7% of adults 18 years and older in Texas have been diagnosed with diabetes
- Nearly 1.8 million adults in Texas have been diagnosed with diabetes
- In Texas, diabetes disproportionately affects black adults, people over the age of 65, and those who have a high school degree or less as their highest level of education

**Diabetes Epidemic at the National Level**

**Impact of Diabetes²,³**
- 25.8 million people, which is 8.3% of the U.S. population, are estimated to have diabetes
  - 18.8 million people have been diagnosed with diabetes
  - 7 million people are undiagnosed; in other words, are unaware they have diabetes
- 1.9 million people aged 20 years and older are newly diagnosed with diabetes each year
- The prevalence of diabetes in the United States increased by 128% from 1988 to 2008
- If present trends continue, 1 in 3 adults in America will have diabetes in 2050
- 79 million adults have prediabetes, which increases their risk of developing Type 2 diabetes later in life
- Diabetes is a major cause of heart disease and stroke
- Diabetes is the leading cause of kidney failure, nontraumatic lower-limb amputations, and new cases of blindness among adults in the United States
- Diabetes contributes to the death of 231,404 Americans each year

**Cost of Diabetes³**
- Total cost of diagnosed diabetes in the United States = $245 billion per year
  - Direct medical costs = $176 billion per year
  - Indirect costs (e.g., disability, reduced productivity) = $69 billion per year
- Health care costs for a person with diabetes are 2.3 times higher than a person without diabetes
- 1 out of every 10 health care dollars is spent treating diabetes and its complications

**References**